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APPLICATION NO.	F	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/676,319 09/29/2000		09/29/2000	Ernie F. Brickell	10559/329001/P9832	1992
20985	7590	07/28/2005	•	EXAMINER	
FISH & RI	FISH & RICHARDSON, PC			HENNING, M	IATTHEW T
12390 EL C	AMINO R	REAL			
SAN DIEGO, CA 92130-2081		•	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
				2131	

DATE MAILED: 07/28/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

}		L A U 44 .)				
	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary	09/676,319	BRICKELL ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app	Matthew T. Henning	2131				
Period for Reply	lears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1: after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period v - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 25 M	<u>ay 2005</u> .					
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This	action is non-final.					
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the ments is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
 4) Claim(s) 42-65 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 42-65 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) 42 and 50 is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. 						
Application Papers						
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) ☑ The drawing(s) filed on 29 September 2000 is/a Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Example 2000 is/a	are: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ objec drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list 	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage				
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:					

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1	This action is in response to the communication filed on 5/25/2005.					
2	Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114					
3	A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in					
. 4	37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is					
5	eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e)					
6	has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to					
7	37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 5/25/2005 has been entered.					
8	DETAILED ACTION					
9	Claims 1-41 have been cancelled and new claims 42-65 have been examined.					
10	All objections and rejections not specifically addressed below have been withdrawn.					
11	Response to Arguments					
12	Applicant's arguments with respect to French have been considered but are moot in view					
13	of the new ground(s) of rejection.					
14	Claim Objections					
15	Claims 42, and 50 are objected to because of the following informalities:					
16	Claims 42 and 50 recite the limitation "at an authentication service" which is not					
17	grammatically correct.					
18	Appropriate correction is required.					
19	Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112					
20	The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:					
21 22 23	The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.					

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Claims 44-45, are 52-53 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

These claims all recite the limitation "and further comprising". It is unclear exactly what is further comprising as both the method and the authentication information are referred to in the claims. As such, one of ordinary skill in the art would not be able to determine the scope of the claim. Therefore, claims 44-45 and 52-53 are rejected for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which the applicants regard as the invention.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

19 Claims 42-43, 46, 48-5

Claims 42-43, 46, 48-51, 54, 56-59, 62, and 64-65 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sheehan et al. (US Patent Number 6,311,163) hereinafter referred to as Sheehan, and further in view of Saito et al. (US Patent Number 6,275,941) hereinafter referred to as Saito.

Regarding claims 42, 50 and 58, Sheehan disclosed a system, method, and software for a prescribing party to issue a prescription through a communication network such as the Internet, in which the prescribing party includes doctors, health service providers, and other authorized personnel (See Sheehan Abstract and Col. 3 Lines 45-57, Col. 4 Lines 47-49, and Fig. 4).

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However, Sheehan failed to disclose a method for ensuring that the prescribing party was in fact
 authorized to issue prescriptions.

Saito teaches a system for authenticating a user (See Saito Fig. 5 and Col. 7 Lines 5-55) involving storing authentication information for a plurality of users (See Saito Col. 7 Lines 25-26 wherein the public keys of users must have been stored in order for them to be accessed by the authentication server); at an authentication service (authentication server), receiving digital credential information (integrated certificate) associated with a first user (client) from a relying party (application server) (See Saito Col. 7 Lines 21-24); verifying the digital credential information associated with the first user to the relying party (See Saito Col. 7 Lines 25-36); providing verification information associated with the first user to the relying party (See Saito Col. 7 Lines 36-52); and providing information to the first user, the information indicative of receiving the digital credential information associated with the first user from the relying party (See Saito Col. 7 Lines 57-63). Saito further teaches providing information to the first user comprises providing access to an activity log associated with the first user (See Saito Col. 8 Lines 3-5 and 36-44). It would have been obvious to the ordinary person skilled in the art at the time of invention to employ the teachings of Saito in the prescription issuing system of Sheehan by having the prescribing doctor send an integrated certificate to the server, and having the server

authenticate the certificate and doctor via an authentication server. This would have been

only authorized doctors were issuing prescriptions.

obvious because the ordinary person skilled in the art would have been motivated to ensure that

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Regarding claims 43, 51, and 59, the combination of Sheehan and Saito disclosed 1 providing access to an activity log associated with the first user (See Saito Col. 8 Lines 3-5 and 2 3 36-44). Regarding claims 46, 54, and 62, the combination of Sheehan and Saito disclosed storing 4 5 access information associated with the relying party, the access information including 6 information indicative of the providing the verification information associated with the first user 7 (See Saito Col. 7 Lines 44-52); and providing the access information to the relying party (See 8 Saito Col. 7 Lines 44-52). 9 Regarding claims 48, 56, and 64, the combination of Sheehan and Saito disclosed that 10 providing verification information to the relying party comprises providing information 11 indicative of a failure to authenticate the digital credential information associated with the first 12 user (See Saito Col. 7 Lines 36-38). 13 Regarding claims 49, 57, and 69, the combination of Sheehan and Saito disclosed at least one of the relying party and the authentication service issuing a challenge in response to 14 15 receiving digital credential information associated with the first user (See Saito Col. 7 Lines 21-16 24). 17 Claims 44-45, 47, 52-53, 55, 60-61, and 63 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being 18 unpatentable over the combination of Sheehan and Saito as applied to claims 42, 50, and 58 above, and further in view of State of Colorado (Senate Bill 97134 LLS NO. 970530.01) 19 20 hereinafter referred to as Colorado. 21 The combination of Sheehan and Saito disclosed an authentication server verifying an 22 integrated certificate of a doctor and sending the result to the prescription server prior to

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allowing prescriptions to be issued (See the rejection of claim 42 above), but failed to disclose verifying registration information with a registration authority.

Colorado teaches that in order to write a prescription in the state of Colorado, an advanced practice nurse must be listed on the advanced practice registry, have a license in good standing without disciplinary sanctions, and have fulfilled requirements established by the board (See Colorado Section 7).

It would have been obvious to the ordinary person skilled in the art at the time of invention to employ the teachings of Colorado in the prescribing party authorization system of Sheehan and Saito by checking the standing of the medical license of the party, whether they are registered on the advance practice registry, and the status of fulfillment of the requirements established by the board. This would have been obvious because the ordinary person skilled in the art would have been motivated to ensure that all legal requirements for issuing prescriptions were fulfilled prior to authorizing the party to issue prescriptions.

14 Conclusion

Claims 42-65 have been rejected.

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure:

Houvener (US Patent Number 6,424,249) disclosed a credit card authentication server which authenticated a credit card and sent the result to a relying party.

De La Huerga (US Patent Number 6,408,330) disclosed a prescription/medical authentication system which informed the prescribing doctor when a prescription had been filled.

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1	Muftic (US Patent Number 5,943,423) disclosed a system in which a doctor digitally
2	signs a digital prescription and the pharmacy checks the signature prior to filling the prescription
3	Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the
4	examiner should be directed to Matthew T. Henning whose telephone number is (571) 272-3790.
5	The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8-4.
6	If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's
7	supervisor, Ayaz Sheikh can be reached on (571) 272-3795. The fax phone number for the
8	organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.
9	Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent
10	Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications
11	may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished
12	applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR
13	system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR
14	system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).
15 16	
17 18 19 20	Matthew Henning Assistant Examiner Art Unit 2131